First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 19-0008.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

HOUSE BILL 19-1170

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Jackson and Weissman,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Williams A. and Bridges,

House Committees Public Health Care & Human Services

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Senate Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING INCREASING TENANT PROTECTIONS RELATING TO THE RESIDENTIAL WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Under current law, a warranty of habitability (warranty) is implied in every rental agreement for a residential premises, and a landlord commits a breach of the warranty (breach) if:

- ! The residential premises is uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation;
- ! The residential premises is in a condition that is materially

dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and

! The landlord has received written notice of the condition and failed to cure the problem within a reasonable time.

The bill states that a landlord breaches the warranty if a residential premises is:

- ! Uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation or in a condition that is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and
- ! The landlord has received written or electronic notice of the condition and failed to commence remedial action by employing reasonable efforts within:
 - 24 hours, where the condition is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; or
 - ! 72 hours, where the premises is uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation.

Current law provides a list of conditions that render a residential premises uninhabitable. To this list, the bill adds 2 conditions; specifically, a residential premises is uninhabitable if:

- ! The premises lacks a functioning refrigerator, range, or oven, if the landlord provides any of these appliances pursuant to the rental agreement; or
- ! There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any other condition causing the premises to be damp, which condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or safety of the tenant.

The bill grants to county courts and small claims courts jurisdiction to provide injunctive relief related to a breach.

Current law requires a tenant to serve written notice upon a landlord before the landlord may be held liable for a breach. The bill expands the acceptable form of such notice to include electronic notice.

The bill also:

- States that if a tenant gives a landlord notice of a condition that is imminently hazardous to life, health, or safety the landlord, at the request of the tenant, shall move the tenant to a reasonably comparable unit under the control of the landlord or pay for a tenant to reside in a reasonably comparable temporary living location while the condition is being remedied or repaired;
- ! Allows a tenant who satisfies certain conditions to deduct from one or more rent payments the cost to repair or remedy a condition causing a breach;
- ! Repeals the requirement that a tenant notify a local government before seeking an injunction for a breach;

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- ! Repeals provisions that allow a rental agreement to require a tenant to assume certain responsibilities concerning conditions and characteristics of a premises;
- ! Prohibits a landlord from retaliating against a tenant in response to the tenant having made a good-faith complaint to the landlord or to a governmental agency alleging a condition that renders the premises uninhabitable or any condition that materially interferes with the health or safety of the tenant; and
- ! Repeals certain presumptions and specifies monetary damages that may be available to a tenant against whom a landlord retaliates.

If the same condition that substantially caused a breach recurs within 6 months after the condition is repaired or remedied, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement 14 days after providing the landlord written or electronic notice of the tenant's intent to do so.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-105, amend (1) 3 introductory portion and (1)(f) as follows: 4 **13-6-105.** Specific limits on civil jurisdiction. (1) The county 5 court shall have HAS no civil jurisdiction except that specifically 6 conferred upon it by law. In particular, it shall have HAS no jurisdiction 7 over the following matters: 8 (f) Original proceedings for the issuance of injunctions, except: (I) As provided in section 13-6-104 (5), except SECTIONS 13-6-104 9 10 (5) AND 38-12-507 (1)(b); 11 (II) As required to enforce restrictive covenants on residential 12 property and to enforce the provisions of section 6-1-702.5; C.R.S., and 13 except 14 (III) As otherwise specifically authorized in this article ARTICLE 15 6 or, if there is no authorization, by rule of the Colorado supreme court. 16 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-403, amend (2)

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1	introductory portion, (2)(h)(III), and (2)(h)(IV); and add (2)(h)(V) as
2	follows:
3	13-6-403. Jurisdiction of small claims court - limitations.
4	(2) The small claims court shall have HAS no jurisdiction except that
5	specifically conferred upon it by law. In particular, it shall have HAS no
6	jurisdiction over the following matters:
7	(h) Actions involving injunctive relief, except as required to:
8	(III) Accomplish replevin; and
9	(IV) Enter judgments in actions where a party seeks to enforce a
10	contract by specific performance or to disaffirm, avoid, or rescind a
11	contract; AND
12	(V) Enforce section 38-12-507 (1)(b).
13	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-502, add (2.5)
14	as follows:
15	38-12-502. Definitions. As used in this part 5 and part 8 of this
16	article 12, unless the context otherwise requires:
17	(2.5) "Electronic notice" means notice by electronic mail,
18	TEXT MESSAGING, OR AN ELECTRONIC PORTAL OR MANAGEMENT
19	COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM THAT IS AVAILABLE TO BOTH A LANDLORD AND
20	A TENANT.
21	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-503, amend
22	(2) and (4); and add (2.3) and (2.5) as follows:
23	38-12-503. Warranty of habitability. (2) A landlord breaches
24	the warranty of habitability set forth in subsection (1) of this section if:
25	(a) A residential premises is:
26	(I) Uninhabitable as described in section 38-12-505 or otherwise
27	unfit for human habitation; and OR

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1	(b) (II) The residential premises is In a condition that is materially
2	dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and
3	(e) (b) The landlord has received REASONABLY COMPLETE written
4	OR ELECTRONIC notice of the condition described in paragraphs (a) and
5	(b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION and failed
6	to cure the problem COMMENCE REMEDIAL ACTION BY EMPLOYING
7	REASONABLE EFFORTS within a reasonable time THE FOLLOWING PERIOD
8	AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE:
9	$(I)\ TWENTY-FOUR HOURS, WHERE THE CONDITION IS AS DESCRIBED$
10	IN SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION; OR
11	(II) SEVENTY-TWO HOURS, WHERE THE CONDITION IS AS
12	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION $(2)(a)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION.
13	(2.3) A TENANT WHO GIVES ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF A CONDITION
14	AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL RETAIN
15	SUFFICIENT PROOF OF DELIVERY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO AN
16	ELECTRONIC RECEIPT OF DELIVERY OR A CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
17	PREPARED BY THE SENDER CONFIRMING THE ELECTRONIC DELIVERY.
18	(2.5) A LANDLORD WHO RECEIVES FROM A TENANT WRITTEN OR
19	ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF A CONDITION DESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION $(2)(a)$ OF
20	THIS SECTION SHALL RESPOND TO THE TENANT NOT MORE THAN
21	TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE. THE RESPONSE MUST
22	INDICATE THE LANDLORD'S INTENTIONS FOR REMEDYING THE CONDITION,
23	INCLUDING AN ESTIMATE OF WHEN THE REMEDIATION WILL COMMENCE
24	AND WHEN IT WILL BE COMPLETED.
25	(4) (a) In response to IF the notice sent pursuant to paragraph (c)
26	of subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(b) of this section CONCERNS A
27	CONDITION THAT IS DESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION,

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1	a THE landlord, may, in the landlord's discretion AT THE REQUEST OF THE
2	TENANT, SHALL move a PROVIDE THE tenant: to
3	(I) A comparable DWELLING unit, after paying the reasonable
4	costs, actually incurred, incident to the move. AS SELECTED BY THE
5	LANDLORD, AT NO EXPENSE OR COST TO THE TENANT; OR
6	(II) A HOTEL ROOM, AS SELECTED BY THE LANDLORD, AT NO
7	EXPENSE OR COST TO THE TENANT.
8	(b) A LANDLORD IS NOT REQUIRED TO PAY FOR ANY OTHER
9	EXPENSES OF A TENANT THAT ARISE AFTER THE RELOCATION PERIOD. A
10	TENANT CONTINUES TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT OF RENT UNDER
11	THE RENTAL AGREEMENT DURING THE PERIOD OF ANY TEMPORARY
12	RELOCATION AND FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TERM OF THE RENTAL
13	AGREEMENT FOLLOWING THE REMEDIATION.
14	
1415	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-505, amend
	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-505, amend (1) and (3) as follows:
15	
15 16	(1) and (3) as follows:
15 16 17	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A
15 16 17 18	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if:
15 16 17 18 19	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) THERE IS MOLD THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH DAMPNESS, OR
15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) THERE IS MOLD THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH DAMPNESS, OR THERE IS ANY OTHER CONDITION CAUSING THE PREMISES TO BE DAMP,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) THERE IS MOLD THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH DAMPNESS, OR THERE IS ANY OTHER CONDITION CAUSING THE PREMISES TO BE DAMP, WHICH CONDITION, IF NOT REMEDIED, WOULD MATERIALLY INTERFERE
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any other condition causing the premises to be damp, which condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or safety of the tenant; or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any other condition causing the premises to be damp, which condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or safety of the tenant; or (b) It substantially lacks any of the following characteristics:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(1) and (3) as follows: 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if: (a) There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any other condition causing the premises to be damp, which condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or safety of the tenant; or (b) It substantially lacks any of the following characteristics: (I) A functioning refrigerator, range, or oven if any of

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1	walls maintained in good working order, including unbroken windows		
2	and doors;		
3	(b) (III) Plumbing or gas facilities that conformed to applicable		
4	law in effect at the time of installation and that are maintained in good		
5	working order;		
6	(e) (IV) Running water and reasonable amounts of hot water at all		
7	times furnished to appropriate fixtures and connected to a sewage		
8	disposal system approved under applicable law;		
9	$\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(V)}}$ Functioning heating facilities that conformed to applicable		
10	law at the time of installation and that are maintained in good working		
11	order;		
12	(e) (VI) Electrical lighting, with wiring and electrical equipment		
13	that conformed to applicable law at the time of installation, maintained in		
14	good working order;		
15	(f) (VII) Common areas and areas under the control of the		
16	landlord that are kept reasonably clean, sanitary, and free from all		
17	accumulations of debris, filth, rubbish, and garbage and that have		
18	appropriate extermination in response to the infestation of rodents or		
19	vermin;		
20	(g) (VIII) Appropriate extermination in response to the infestation		
21	of rodents or vermin throughout a residential premises;		
22	(h) (IX) An adequate number of appropriate exterior receptacles		
23	for garbage and rubbish, in good repair;		
24	(i) (X) Floors, stairways, and railings maintained in good repair;		
25	(j) (XI) Locks on all exterior doors and locks or security devices		
26	on windows designed to be opened that are maintained in good working		
27	order; or		

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1	(k) (XII) Compliance with all applicable building, housing, and
2	health codes, THE VIOLATION OF which if violated, would constitute a
3	condition that is dangerous or hazardous to a tenant's life, health, or safety
4	MATERIALLY INTERFERES WITH THE LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY OF THE
5	TENANT.
6	(3) Unless THE RENTAL AGREEMENT PROVIDES otherwise stated in
7	AS PERMITTED BY section 38-12-506, prior to being BEFORE A
8	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS leased to a tenant, a residential THE premises
9	must comply with the requirements set forth in section 38-12-503 (1) AND
10	(2)(a). and (2)(b).
11	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
12	with amendments, 38-12-506 as follows:
13	38-12-506. Exception for certain single-family residences.
14	(1) FOR A SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE PREMISES FOR WHICH A LANDLORD
15	DOES NOT RECEIVE A SUBSIDY FROM ANY GOVERNMENTAL SOURCE, A
16	LANDLORD AND TENANT MAY AGREE IN WRITING THAT THE TENANT IS TO
17	PERFORM SPECIFIC REPAIRS, MAINTENANCE TASKS, ALTERATIONS, AND
18	REMODELING NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 38-12-503, SUBJECT
19	TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
20	(a) THE AGREEMENT OF THE LANDLORD AND TENANT IS ENTERED
21	INTO IN GOOD FAITH AND IS SET FORTH IN A WRITING THAT IS SEPARATE
22	FROM THE RENTAL AGREEMENT, SIGNED BY THE PARTIES, AND SUPPORTED
23	BY ADEQUATE CONSIDERATION; AND
24	(b) The tenant has the requisite skills to perform the
25	WORK REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 38-12-503 (1).
26	(2) TO THE EXTENT THAT PERFORMANCE BY A TENANT RELATES TO
27	A CHARACTERISTIC SET FORTH IN SECTION $38-12-505$ (1), THE TENANT

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1	ASSUMES THE OBLIGATION FOR THE CHARACTERISTIC, AND THE LACK OF
2	THE CHARACTERISTIC DOES NOT MAKE THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES
3	UNINHABITABLE.
4	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-507, amend
5	(1) introductory portion and (1)(b); and add (1)(e) and (3) as follows:
6	38-12-507. Breach of warranty of habitability - tenant's
7	remedies. (1) If there is a breach of the warranty of habitability as set
8	forth in section 38-12-503 (2): the following provisions shall apply:
9	(b) (I) A tenant may obtain injunctive relief for breach of the
10	warranty of habitability in any COUNTY OR DISTRICT court of competent
11	jurisdiction. In any A proceeding for injunctive relief, the court shall
12	determine actual damages for a breach of the warranty at the time the
13	court orders the injunctive relief. A landlord shall IS not be subject to any
14	court order for injunctive relief if:
15	(A) The landlord tenders the actual damages to the court within
16	two business days of AFTER the order; AND
17	(B) THE PROCEEDING FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF DOES NOT CONCERN
18	A CONDITION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-505 (1) THAT HAS NOT BEEN
19	REPAIRED OR REMEDIED.
20	(II) Upon application by the tenant, the court shall immediately
21	release to the tenant the damages paid by the landlord. If the tenant
22	vacates the leased premises, the landlord shall not be permitted to rent the
23	premises again until such time as the unit would be in compliance
24	COMPLIES with the warranty of habitability set forth in section 38-12-503
25	(1).
26	(e) (I) PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE TENANT MAY
27	DEDITION FROM ONE OF MORE PENT DAVMENTS THE COST OF PEDATRING OF

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1 REMEDYING A CONDITION THAT IS THE BASIS OF A BREACH OF THE 2 WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503, IF THE 3 TENANT PROVIDES NOTICE OF THE CONDITION TO THE LANDLORD AS 4 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (2)(b) AND THE LANDLORD FAILS TO 5 COMMENCE REMEDIAL ACTION BY EMPLOYING REASONABLE EFFORTS 6 WITHIN THE APPLICABLE PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (2)(b). 7 (II) AT LEAST TEN DAYS BEFORE DEDUCTING COSTS FROM A RENT 8 PAYMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), A TENANT SHALL 9 PROVIDE THE LANDLORD WITH WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE 10 TENANT'S INTENT TO DO SO. THE NOTICE MUST SPECIFY THE DATE OF 11 NOTIFICATION, THE NAME OF THE LANDLORD OR PROPERTY MANAGER, THE 12 ADDRESS OF THE RENTAL PROPERTY, THE CONDITION THAT REQUIRES A 13 REPAIR OR REMEDY, THE DATE UPON WHICH THE TENANT PROVIDED 14 NOTICE TO THE LANDLORD OF THE CONDITION THAT REQUIRES A REPAIR OR 15 REMEDY, AND A COPY OF AT LEAST ONE GOOD-FAITH ESTIMATE OF COSTS 16 TO REPAIR OR REMEDY THE CONDITION, WHICH ESTIMATE HAS BEEN 17 PREPARED BY A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE TENANT, IS 18 TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE IS BEING 19 PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION, OR 20 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE 21 PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. A TENANT WITHHOLDING RENT OVER 22 MULTIPLE PAYMENT PERIODS IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE NOTICE ONLY ONCE. 23 THE TENANT SHALL RETAIN A COPY OF THE NOTICE. 24 (III) AFTER A TENANT PROVIDES A LANDLORD NOTICE OF THE 25 TENANT'S INTENT TO DEDUCT COSTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II) 26 OF THIS SECTION, THE LANDLORD HAS TWO BUSINESS DAYS TO OBTAIN ONE 27 OR MORE GOOD-FAITH ESTIMATES OF SUCH COSTS IN ADDITION TO ANY

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1	ESTIMATE THAT THE TENANT INCLUDED IN THE NOTICE. THE ESTIMATE
2	MUST BE PREPARED BY A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE
3	LANDLORD, IS TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE
4	IS BEING PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION,
5	OR REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE
6	PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. IF THE LANDLORD PREFERS TO REPAIR OR
7	REMEDY THE CONDITION BY HIRING A PROFESSIONAL OTHER THAN A
8	PROFESSIONAL WHO PREPARED AN ESTIMATE FOR THE TENANT, THE
9	LANDLORD SHALL SHARE THE PREFERRED PROFESSIONAL'S ESTIMATE WITH
10	THE TENANT AND SHALL COMMENCE WORK TO REPAIR OR REMEDY THE
11	CONDITION AS SOON AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE.
12	(IV) IF THE LANDLORD DOES NOT OBTAIN ANY ADDITIONAL
13	ESTIMATES WITHIN THE TWO DAYS PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (1)(e)(III)
14	OF THIS SECTION, THE TENANT MAY PROCEED TO DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
15	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS, BASED ON THE ESTIMATE ACQUIRED BY THE
16	TENANT, UNTIL THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE ESTIMATE IS DEDUCTED.
17	(V) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS COSTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
18	(1)(e)(IV) of this section shall not repair or remedy the condition
19	BUT SHALL HIRE A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE TENANT, IS
20	TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE IS BEING
21	PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION, OR
22	REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE
23	PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK.
24	(VI) IF A TENANT HIRES A PROFESSIONAL TO REPAIR OR REMEDY A
25	CONDITION CAUSING A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY AND
26	DEDUCTS THE ESTIMATED COST OF SUCH REPAIR OR REMEDY FROM ONE OR
27	MORE RENT PAYMENTS, AS PERMITTED BY THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), AND

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1	THE DEDUCTED ESTIMATED COST EXCEEDS THE ACTUAL COST INCURRED
2	BY THE TENANT, THE TENANT SHALL REMIT THE EXCESS COST TO THE
3	LANDLORD WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS.
4	(VII) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION
5	(1)(e) TO THE CONTRARY, A TENANT SHALL NOT DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
6	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS IF THE CONDITION THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE
7	ALLEGED BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY IS CAUSED BY THE
8	MISCONDUCT OF THE TENANT, A MEMBER OF THE TENANT'S HOUSEHOLD,
9	A GUEST OR INVITEE OF THE TENANT, OR A PERSON UNDER THE TENANT'S
10	DIRECTION OR CONTROL; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VII) DOES
11	NOT APPLY IF:
12	(A) THE TENANT IS A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE; DOMESTIC
13	ABUSE; UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
14	16-22-102 (9); OR STALKING;
15	(B) THE CONDITION IS THE RESULT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE;
16	DOMESTIC ABUSE; UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN
17	SECTION 16-22-102 (9); OR STALKING; AND
18	(C) THE LANDLORD HAS BEEN GIVEN WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC
19	NOTICE AND EVIDENCE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE; DOMESTIC ABUSE;
20	UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-22-102 (9);
21	OR STALKING.
22	(VIII) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION
23	(1)(e) TO THE CONTRARY, A TENANT SHALL NOT DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
24	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS IF THE PREMISES ARE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY
25	BY:
26	(A) THE REAL ESTATE ASSESSMENT CENTER WITHIN THE FEDERAL
27	DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT; OR

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1	(B) A STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY CHARGED WITH THE
2	ADMINISTRATION OF THE FEDERAL HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM
3	OF THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
4	DESCRIBED AT 24 CFR 982.1, ET SEQ., AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE
5	HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS DESCRIBED AT 24 CFR 982.401, ET SEQ.
6	(IX) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS COSTS FROM ONE OR MORE RENT
7	PAYMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) MAY SEEK
8	ADDITIONAL REMEDIES PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION.
9	(X) IF A COURT FINDS THAT A TENANT HAS WRONGFULLY
10	DEDUCTED RENT, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE LANDLORD AN AMOUNT
11	OF MONEY EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY WITHHELD. IF THE COURT
12	FINDS THAT THE TENANT ACTED IN BAD FAITH, THE COURT SHALL AWARD
13	THE LANDLORD POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES AND AN AMOUNT OF MONEY
14	EQUAL TO DOUBLE THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY WITHHELD.
15	(3) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION:
16	(a) If the same condition that substantially caused a
17	BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY RECURS WITHIN SIX MONTHS
18	AFTER THE CONDITION IS REPAIRED OR REMEDIED, OTHER THAN A BREACH
19	OF SECTION 38-12-505 (1)(b)(I), THE TENANT MAY TERMINATE THE
20	RENTAL AGREEMENT FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER PROVIDING THE LANDLORD
21	WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE TENANT'S INTENT TO DO SO. THE
22	NOTICE MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE CONDITION AND THE DATE
23	OF THE TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT.
24	(b) IF THE SAME CONDITION THAT SUBSTANTIALLY CAUSED A
25	BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY RECURS WITHIN SIX MONTHS
26	AFTER THE CONDITION IS REPAIRED OR REMEDIED, AND THE CONDITION IS
27	A BREACH OF SECTION $38-12-505$ (1)(b)(I), THE TENANT MAY TERMINATE

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1	THE RENTAL AGREEMENT FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER PROVIDING THE
2	LANDLORD WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE TENANT'S INTENT TO
3	DO SO. THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE CONDITION AND
4	THE DATE OF THE TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT. HOWEVER,
5	IF THE LANDLORD REMEDIES THE CONDITION WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS
6	AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE, THE TENANT MAY NOT TERMINATE THE
7	RENTAL AGREEMENT.
8	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-508, amend
9	(4); and repeal (3) as follows:
10	38-12-508. Landlord's defenses to a claim of breach of
11	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not
12	assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the
13	warranty of habitability of a residential premises unless the tenant has
14	given notice to a local government within the boundaries of which the
15	residential premises is located of the condition underlying the breach that
16	is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety.
17	(4) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38-12-509 (2), a tenant may
18	not assert a breach of the warranty of habitability as a defense to a
19	landlord's action for possession based upon a nonmonetary violation of
20	the rental agreement or for an action for possession based upon a notice
21	to quit or vacate.
22	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-509, amend
23	(1) and (2); and repeal (3) and (4) as follows:
24	38-12-509. Prohibition on retaliation. (1) A landlord shall not
25	retaliate against a tenant for alleging a breach of the warranty of
26	habitability by discriminatorily increasing rent or decreasing services or
27	by bringing or threatening to bring an action for possession in response

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to	the	tenant:
$\iota \circ$	u	tonant.

- 2 (a) Having made a good faith complaint to the landlord or to a
 3 governmental agency alleging a breach of the warranty of habitability
 4 CONDITION DESCRIBED BY SECTION 38-12-505 (1) OR ANY CONDITION
 5 THAT MATERIALLY INTERFERES WITH THE LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY OF THE
 6 TENANT; OR
 - (b) ORGANIZING OR BECOMING A MEMBER OF A TENANTS' ASSOCIATION OR SIMILAR ORGANIZATION.
 - (2) A landlord shall not be liable for retaliation under this section unless a tenant proves that a landlord breached the warranty of habitability If a Landlord retaliates against a tenant in violation of subsection (1) of this section, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and recover an amount not more than three months' periodic rent or three times the tenant's actual damages, whichever is greater, plus reasonable attorney fees and costs.
 - (3) Regardless of when an action for possession of the premises where the landlord is seeking to terminate the tenancy for violation of the terms of the rental agreement is brought, there shall be a rebuttable presumption in favor of the landlord that his or her decision to terminate is not retaliatory. The presumption created by this subsection (3) cannot be rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's initiation of the action.
 - (4) If the landlord has a right to increase rent, to decrease service, or to terminate the tenant's tenancy at the end of any term of the rental agreement and the landlord exercises any of these rights, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the landlord's exercise of any of these rights

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1	was not retaliatory. The presumption of this subsection (4) cannot be
2	rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's exercise of any
3	of these rights.
4	SECTION 10. Applicability. This act applies to conduct
5	occurring on or after the effective date of this act.
5	SECTION 11. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
7	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
3	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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